



DRAFT TANZANIA STANDARD

Textiles – Determination of water repellency of fabrics – Bundesmann rain-shower test.

TANZANIA BUREAU OF STANDARDS

National foreword

The Tanzania Bureau of Standards is the statutory National standards body for Tanzania, established under the Act.No.3 of 1975, amended by Act.No.2 of 2009.

This Draft Tanzania Standard is being adopted by Sampling Procedures and Test Method Technical Committee under the supervision of the Textile and Leather Divisional Standards Committee.

This Draft Tanzania Standard is the identical adoption of **ISO 9865:1991 Textiles — Determination of water repellency of fabrics by the Bundesmann rain-shower test** that was published in 1991 by International Organization for Standardization then corrected and reprinted in 1992.

The text of the International Standard is hereby recommended for approval without deviation for publication as Draft Tanzania Standard.

Some terminologies and certain conventions are not identical with those used as Tanzania Standards; attention is drawn especially to the following: -

The comma has been used as a decimal marker for metric dimensions. In Tanzania Standards, its current practice to use full point on the baseline as the decimal marker.

Where the words “International Standard(s)” appear, referring to this standard they should read “Tanzania Standard”.

1. SCOPE

This Draft Tanzania Standard describes a method for the determination of the water repellency of textile fabrics by a rain-shower test known as the Bundesmann method.

The test may be used to assess the effectiveness of finishing procedures for rendering textile fabrics water-repellent.

Draft for Stakeholders' comments only